

Using an Algorithm to Multiply Fractions



A Fraction Multiplication Algorithm

To multiply two fractions, multiply the numerators and multiply the denominators.

For example: $\frac{2}{3} * \frac{3}{8} = \frac{(2 * 3)}{(3 * 8)} = \frac{6}{24}$

For Problems 1–6, use the algorithm to multiply the fractions.

① $\frac{1}{3} * \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{6}$

② $\frac{2}{4} * \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{12}$

③ $\frac{4}{5} * \frac{2}{5} = \frac{8}{25}$

④ $\frac{2}{10} * \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{30}$

⑤ $\frac{2}{8} * \frac{5}{6} = \frac{10}{48}$

⑥ $\frac{5}{12} * \frac{2}{7} = \frac{10}{84}$

- ⑦ If you multiply $\frac{2}{3} * \frac{6}{10}$, will the product be more than $\frac{2}{3}$ or less than $\frac{2}{3}$?
How do you know?

It will be less than $\frac{2}{3}$. Sample explanation: When you multiply a number by $\frac{6}{10}$, it's like finding only 6 out of 10 parts of the number. So the answer will be only part of $\frac{2}{3}$, and it will be less.

- ⑧ If you multiply $\frac{2}{3} * \frac{6}{10}$, will the product be more than $\frac{6}{10}$ or less than $\frac{6}{10}$?
How do you know?

It will be less than $\frac{6}{10}$. Sample explanation: You are only finding part of $\frac{6}{10}$, not all of it, so the answer will be less.

In Problems 9–12, write true or false. Do not multiply.

⑨ $\frac{3}{4} * \frac{7}{10}$ is less than $\frac{3}{4}$. True

⑩ $\frac{7}{9} * \frac{11}{12}$ is greater than $\frac{11}{12}$. False

⑪ $\frac{4}{5} * \frac{2}{8}$ is greater than $\frac{2}{8}$ but less than $\frac{4}{5}$. False

⑫ $\frac{6}{7} * \frac{1}{4}$ is less than $\frac{6}{7}$ and less than $\frac{1}{4}$. True

Practice

⑬ $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$

⑭ $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{8} = \frac{9}{8}$, or $1\frac{1}{8}$

⑮ $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{13}{20}$